

(Deemed to be University under Distinct Category under Section 3 of the UGC Act, 1956)

### Sample questions for SRFTI Entrance Test – 2025

### Department - Sound Recording & Design for Film & Sound for EDM

#### **Science of Sound**

#### **Sample Questions:**

- 1. Microphones are called transducers because
  - A. It creates sound energy
  - B. It creates electrical energy
  - C. It converts electrical energy to acoustic energy
  - D. It converts acoustic energy to electrical energy

Answer: D

- 2. During rarefaction in a sound wave, what happens to the air particles?
  - A. They come closer together
  - B. They stop moving
  - C. They move farther apart
  - D. They get warmer

Answer: C

- 3. Mexican wave in a stadium is an example of
  - A. Transverse wave
  - B. Electromagnetic wave
  - C. Longitudinal wave
  - D. None of the option

Answer: A

- 4. A goalkeeper in a football game pulls his hands backwards after holding the ball shot at the goal. This enables the goalkeeper to
  - A. increase the rate of change of momentum
  - B. decrease the rate of change of momentum
  - C. increase the force exerted by the balls on the hands
  - D. exert larger force on the ball

Answer: B



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- 5. Suppose R1 & R2 are two resistors connected in a DC circuit with constant potential difference. What will be the expression of Total Resistance of the circuit when they are connected in parallel
  - A. R1/R2
  - B. R1\*R2/(R1+R2)
  - C. (R1+R2)/R1\*R2
  - D. R1+R2

Answer: B

#### **Critical Listening/Aptitude**

- 1. You clap your hands in a large gymnasium and hear the sound repeat faintly after a brief delay. Why does this happen?
  - A. The sound waves increase in amplitude over time
  - B. The sound waves reflect off the walls and return to you
  - C. The pitch of the sound changes as it travels
  - D. The sound waves slow down in the large space

Answer: B

- 2. When you blow harder into a whistle, the sound becomes louder but the note stays the same. What property of sound is primarily affected by blowing harder?
  - A. Frequency
  - B. Timbre
  - C. Amplitude
  - D. Speed

Answer: C

- 3. In a quiet room, you tap a metal spoon and a wooden spoon on a table, and they produce different sounds even at the same pitch. What property of sound explains this difference?
  - A. Loudness
  - B. Timbre
  - C. Frequency
  - D. Propagation speed

Answer: B



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- 4. During a storm, you see lightning and hear thunder a few seconds later. Why is there a delay between the lightning and thunder?
  - A. Thunder has a lower frequency than lightning
  - B. Sound travels slower than light
  - C. The amplitude of thunder decreases over distance
  - D. The timbre of thunder changes as it travels

Answer: B

- 5. Tick the correct order from louder to softer sound source.
  - A. Classroom lecture> Jet plane take off> Mosquito fly by> Rock music concert
  - B. Mosquito fly by> Jet plane take off> Rock Music concert>Classroom Lecture
  - C. Jet Plane Take off> Rock Music concert>Classroom Lecture>Mosquito Fly by
  - D. Classroom Lecture> Rock Music concert>Jet Plane Take off>Mosquito Fly by

Answer: C

#### Music

Which of the following musicians is related to the Indian Instrument "Tabla".



Answer: D



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- 2. Which of these Instruments has a lower frequency response
  - A. Maracas
  - B. Hi-Hats
  - C. Manjira
  - D. Tuba

Answer: D

- 3. Select the option with the right chronology of music composers (earliest to newest).
  - A. Ludwig van Beethoven, Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart, Johann Sebastian Bach, Frédéric Chopin
  - B. Frédéric Chopin, Ludwig van Beethoven, Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart, Johann Sebastian Bach
  - C. Johann Sebastian Bach, Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart, Ludwig van Beethoven, Frédéric Chopin
  - D. Johann Sebastian Bach, Frédéric Chopin, Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart, Ludwig van Beethoven

Answer: C

- 4. Jingles help in:
  - A. Providing detailed product information
  - B. Reducing sales
  - C. Increasing brand recall
  - D. None of the above

Answer: C

- 5. What is the term for the ascending and descending structure of a raga in Hindustani music?
  - A. Alankar
  - B. Arohana-Avarohana
  - C. Tala
  - D. Pakad

Answer: B